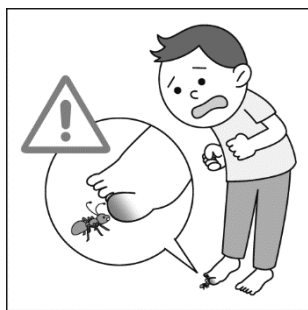


臺北市立興雅國中 114 學年度第二學期八年級英語科補行評量講義

一、字彙選擇

1. () Look at the picture. The red fire ant is one of the most _____ insects.



- (A) difficult (B) smartest
(C) scared (D) dangerous
2. () The _____ just laid (生蛋) an egg. How big it is!
(A) goat (B) sheep (C) hen (D) web
3. () I need to do my homework _____, or my mom won't let me play computer games for one hour every night.
(A) slowly (B) terribly
(C) loudly (D) quickly
4. () Waitress: Good evening! Welcome to World Café. Here's the _____. Please have a look.
Tony: Well, I'll have a cheeseburger and tea. Thank you!
(A) beef (B) turkey leg
(C) menu (D) team
5. () Look at the pictures on the _____. There are so many kinds of burgers and sandwiches in the coffee shop.
(A) menu (B) question (C) pork (D) noodle
6. () It's windy outside. Look! The wind is _____ and the trees are swaying.
(A) falling (B) sitting
(C) blowing (D) singing
7. () Some people got hurt in that big _____. We should help them.
(A) size (B) earthquake
(C) space (D) rose
8. () Mom usually uses flour, eggs, milk, and sugar to make delicious _____.
(A) steak (B) buns (C) ham (D) cheese
9. () After walking for two hours, we finally _____ the small house in the mountain.
(A) reached (B) prepared
(C) answered (D) raised
10. () Neil: I'm so sorry, Sarah.
Sarah: It doesn't _____.
(A) stand (B) treat (C) cough (D) matter
11. () It is dangerous to play in the _____ waves. Let's go surfing next time.
(A) giant (B) weak (C) wise (D) real
12. () Your story _____ interesting. I like it so much.
(A) tastes (B) sounds (C) feels (D) smells
13. () Ms. Love is very popular with her students because she _____ them well.
(A) treats (B) shares
(C) picks (D) chooses
14. () Are Jay and Tim really brothers? In fact, they don't look like each other, and they have nothing in _____.
(A) cold (B) cheese (C) common (D) fever
15. () Mrs. Wu: Didn't you finish your meal? Why didn't you wash the _____? It's your turn this time.
Mr. Wu: I know. But I'm still watching the basketball game.
(A) buns (B) menu (C) butter (D) dishes

二、文法選擇

1. () Helen walked home late at night by herself _____ she knew it was dangerous. Nobody could give her a ride

today.

- (A) when (B) although
(C) so (D) until
2. () Julie is _____ girl of the three.
(A) cuter (B) cutest
(C) the cutest (D) the cuter
3. () Alex: _____ does Jimmy swim?
Brian: He swims slowly.
(A) How (B) What
(C) Why (D) Where
4. () The water _____ dirty. Don't drink it.
(A) looks (B) smells like
(C) sounds (D) feels like
5. () Bob is _____ of the boys in the family. He never does any housework. His brothers at least take out the garbage sometimes.
(A) lazier (B) the lazy
(C) the lazier (D) the laziest
6. () You look tired. You _____ take a break now.
(A) should (B) have
(C) are (D) can't
7. () Elsa: Do you know anyone from Class A?
Jeff: No, I don't know any of _____.
(A) they (B) their (C) theirs (D) them
8. () Everybody, it's time to have fun. Please enjoy _____.
(A) himself (B) herself
(C) yourselves (D) themselves
9. () Some of the players _____ my classmates.
(A) is (B) are (C) does (D) do
10. () The steak is _____ any other thing on the menu. I don't have that much money.
(A) expensive (B) more expensive than
(C) less expensive than (D) much more expensive
11. () Mrs. Wang has two sons. _____ of them go to junior high school.
(A) One (B) Both (C) Some (D) Many
12. () Living in a big city is _____ than living in the mountains.
(A) convenient (B) more convenient
(C) the more convenient (D) the most convenient
13. () You don't _____ happy. What's wrong with you?
(A) smell (B) taste (C) get (D) look
14. () Tom's sister put it on the ground, _____?
(A) does he (B) didn't she
(C) did she (D) doesn't he
15. () I saw Jimmy _____ with a dog on my way home.
(A) playing (B) would play
(C) plays (D) to play
16. () All students _____ be on time for the school bus every day if they want to take it to school.
(A) would (B) must (C) can (D) have
17. () You cooked this big dinner all by _____. Great job!
(A) myself (B) yourself
(C) himself (D) themselves
18. () Teaching is learning, _____?
(A) does it (B) is there
(C) doesn't it (D) isn't it
19. () We _____ to the expensive restaurant if Dad comes home.
(A) go (B) will go (C) went (D) going
20. () _____ of the students in my school do not have the experience of going to a foreign country. Only a few do.
(A) Any (B) Both (C) Most (D) One

(解答在下一頁)

一、字彙選擇

1. 答案：(D)

解析：由圖可知紅火蟻咬人造成紅腫，是「最危險的昆蟲之一」。

2. 答案：(C)

解析：那「母雞」剛生了一顆蛋。好大顆哦！

3. 答案：(D)

解析：我必須「快快地」做我的功課，否則每晚我媽媽將不讓我玩一小時的電腦遊戲。

4. 答案：(C)

解析：女服務生：這是「菜單」，請看一下。 Tony：嗯，我要起司漢堡和茶。

5. 答案：(A)

解析：看「菜單」上的圖片，這咖啡廳有好多種漢堡和三明治。

6. 答案：(C)

解析：外面風很大。看！風在「吹」。

7. 答案：(B)

解析：有些人在那場大「地震」中受傷了。我們應該要幫助他們。

8. 答案：(B)

解析：媽媽常用麵粉、蛋、牛奶和糖做好吃的「小圓麵包」。

9. 答案：(A)

解析：在走了兩個小時後，我們終於「到達」山中的小屋。

10. 答案：(D)

解析：It doesn't matter.：沒關係。

11. 答案：(A)

解析：在「巨大的」海浪中玩耍很危險。讓我們下次再來衝浪吧。

12. 答案：(B)

解析：故事「聽起來」很有趣。

13. 答案：(A)

解析：Love 老師很受她學生的歡迎因為她「對待」他們很好。

14. 答案：(C)

解析：have nothing in common：沒什麼共同之處。

15. 答案：(D)

解析：dish 除了作為「菜餚」，也可做為「碗盤」之意，此題 wash the dishes 即為「洗碗」。選項(A)小圓麵包(B)菜單(C)奶油皆無法被清洗。

二、文法選擇

1. 答案：(B)

解析：由第二句今天沒有人可以載 Helen 一程得知，「雖然」知道很危險，她還是自己走路回家。(A)當(C)所以(D)直到。

2. 答案：(C)

解析：三者中「最可愛的」女孩，用「最高級」，其前要加進 the。

3. 答案：(A)

解析：詢問「如何」做某動作，疑問詞用 How。

4. 答案：(A)

解析：水「看起來」髒髒的。不要喝它。連綴動詞 (looks) + 形容詞 (dirty)。

5. 答案：(D)

解析：文中提到他不只一個兄弟，也有提到他是家裡面從來不做家事的，所以應選最高級（最懶惰的），答案選(D)。

6. 答案：(A)

解析：你看起來很累，你現在「應該」休息一下。

7. 答案：(D)

解析：them 取代 Class A 的全體學生。

8. 答案：(C)

解析：是對著「大家；每個人」說話，故用「你們自己」。

9. 答案：(B)

解析：可數名詞中的一些 (some)，是複數主詞，所以用複數 be 動詞。

10. 答案：(B)

解析：跟菜單上其他東西做比較，用形容詞比較級。expensive 是多音節的字，在前面加上 more 形成比較級，後方加上 than 和比較對象。

11. 答案：(B)

解析：兩者都用 both。

12. 答案：(B)

解析：句子中出現 than，表示「比較兩者」，因此要使用比較級。(A) convenient：原級，不能和 than 搭配使用。

(B) more convenient：比較級，正確。(C) the more convenient：通常用在「the + 比較級..., the + 比較級...」結構中，不適用此句。(D) the most convenient：最高級，用於三者以上的比較，不符合句意。

13. 答案：(D)

解析：你「看起來」不快樂。你怎麼了？

14. 答案：(B)

解析：主詞是第三人稱單數女性，因此 put 是一般動詞過去式，附加問句用否定助動詞過去式，代名詞則用 she 作答。

15. 答案：(A)

解析：S + 感官動詞 + O + 原形動詞 / 現在分詞 V-ing。

16. 答案：(B)

解析：must 表示「必須」，符合句意（學生每天一定要準時搭校車）。

17. 答案：(B)

解析：「你獨自煮了這頓大餐，做得很好！」主詞是 You，對應的反身代名詞是 yourself。搭配 by 表示「獨自、靠自己」。

18. 答案：(D)

解析：附加問句用代名詞 it 代替直述句動名詞主詞，並用 is 的否定縮寫式即成。

19. 答案：(B)

解析：尚未發生的事，用「未來式」。

20. 答案：(C)

解析：「大多數」的學生沒有出國經驗。只有一些人有。