

班級：_____ 座號：_____ 姓名：_____

※第 1~45 題，請作答於答案卡上，畫卡時請注意題號；第 46~59 題，請作答於答案卷上！

【第一部分：聽力測驗】(25%)

一、辨識句意：5% (每題 1 分)

1. (A)



(B)



(C)



2. (A)



(B)



(C)



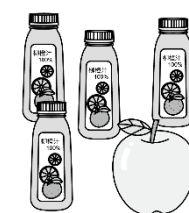
3. (A)



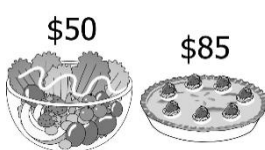
(B)



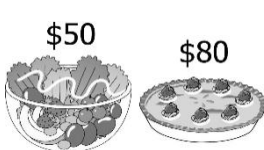
(C)



4. (A)



(B)



(C)



5. (A)



(B)



(C)



二、基本問答：10% (每題 2 分)

6. (A) They're sixty-five.

(B) They're expensive.

(C) They're my favorite.

7. (A) Yes, the big one is great.

(B) Well, she likes the banana cake.

(C) She eats fruit after breakfast and lunch.

8. (A) She likes orange juice.

(B) We need six bottles of orange juice.

(C) One can of orange juice is fifty.

9. (A) He likes to visit Japan.

(B) It is a great Thai Restaurant.

(C) He likes Japanese Restaurant.

10. (A) We need six.

(B) Only one cup of it.

(C) We can make five cups.

三、言談理解：10% (每題 2 分)

11. (A) One.

(B) Four.

(C) Five.

12. (A) A glass of milk.

(B) Some fresh strawberries.

(C) A small cup of chocolate ice cream.

13. (A) Tim doesn't like pizza.

(B) Tim's favorite food is pie.

(C) Ann likes sandwiches.

14. (A) Milk.

(B) Apple pies.

(C) Fried rice.

15. (A) One hundred and twenty.

(B) One hundred and sixty.

(C) Two hundred.

【第二部分：綜合測驗】(53%)

一、語法選擇：30% (每題 2 分)

16. A: How much _____ the books? B: _____ four hundred dollars.
(A) Is; It's (B) are; It's (C) are; They're (D) is; They're
17. My brother likes _____ very much.
(A) coffee (B) hamburger (C) snack (D) hot dog
18. _____ is Lisa's favorite teacher, Miss Chen or Miss Lin?
(A) What (B) Which (C) Who (D) Where
19. A: _____ are there on the table? B: Three.
(A) How much milk (B) How much chicken rice (C) How many chicken (D) How many eggs
20. A: _____ do you need? B: I need three.
(A) How many bags of apple (B) How many bags of salt (C) How many glass (D) How many slice of pizza
21. A: _____ turkey _____ there on the plate? B: A lot.
(A) How many; are (B) How much; are (C) How many; is (D) How much; is
22. I don't have any pens. Can you _____?
(A) borrow it from me (B) borrow one from me (C) lend it to me (D) lend one to me
23. I have two pens. _____ is red, and _____ is blue.
(A) It; it (B) One; one (C) One; the other (D) One; another
24. There many houses around here. They are _____ dark colors.
(A) of (B) on (C) in (D) by
25. A: Do you have _____ salt and eggs? B: Yes, I do.
(A) some (B) many (C) much (D) a lot
26. A: _____ do you drink every day? B: One.
(A) How many cup of ice cream (B) How many cups of coffee
(C) How many bowls of soup (D) How many bowls of salad
27. The glasses are special. I want to buy _____.
(A) they (B) it (C) them (D) ones
28. I'm so hungry. I eat a cracker, and then I eat _____.
(A) another (B) other (C) the other (D) ones
29. I see three girls over there. The tall _____ has long hair, and the short _____ have short hair.
(A) ones; ones (B) one; ones (C) one; one (D) ones; one
30. How many _____ does Alice want?
(A) slices of pizza (B) box of cookies (C) tub of popcorn (D) bowl of salad

三、克漏字：7% (每題 1 分)

Joseph: Hey, Perry. _____ 31 _____
Serena: Grandmom's 80th birthday is coming. I am making a strawberry cake for her.
Joseph: _____ 32 _____ I can help you!
Serena: I don't have any eggs. _____ 33 _____ or buy some for me?
Joseph: Sure, I can. How many eggs do you need?
Serena: I need ten, and I also need some flour and some strawberries.
Joseph: OK, _____ 34 _____.
Serena: Thanks a lot, Joseph.
Joseph: Why do you want to make a cake for Grandma?
Serena: Because strawberry cakes _____ 35 _____ my family members. And I am good at making cakes.
Joseph: Wow! Sounds great! _____ 36 _____
Serena: It's not hard. First, we put the eggs and sugar in a bowl and mix them. Second, add some water or milk to the flour and knead (揉) it. Third, put all things together. Then, bake it for 20 minutes. Last, put some strawberries on top! Then we can get a good one.
Joseph: It's easy. _____ 37 _____

31. (A) Which one do you like?

(B) What are you doing now?

(C) How much is it?

(D) What do you do?
32. (A) How nice!

(B) Come on in!

(C) For here or to go?

(D) Here you go!
33. (A) Please give some money to me

(C) Do you need some eggs

(B) Can you lend me some eggs

(D) What else do I need
34. (A) I think we can get together

(C) I think you don't really like eggs

(B) I think it is a little expensive

(D) I think I can lend some to you
35. (A) are enough for

(B) are in front of

(C) are short for

(D) are popular with
36. (A) How much do you want to buy?

(C) How do you make it?

(B) How often do you make it?

(D) How do you like it?
37. (A) Thank you for sharing!

(B) Let's take it out.

(C) Of course. My treat!

(D) It's a big part of it.

四、閱讀測驗：16%（每題 2 分）
(38-39)

Read the recipe for making yummy pancakes.

Prepare Time: 10 minutes

Cook time: 5 minutes

Ingredients:

1 1/4 cups of fat-free milk

1 egg

2 cups of pancake mix

Steps:

1. Mix an egg and milk together. Then add the pancake mix. Stir it until well blended. You can get the batter.

2. For melt-in-your-mouth flavor, add 2 tablespoons of sugar and 1 teaspoon of strawberry jam to the batter. It makes pancakes more delicious.

3. Pour batter onto hot griddle, 1/4 cup at a time.

4. Turn over when there are bubbles on top. Cook until the other side is golden.

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38. Which is **NOT** an example of “**ingredients**”?

(A) butter

(B) honey

(C) flour

(D) plate
39. Which is **NOT** true? taste 味道

(A) It takes 15 minutes to make yummy pancakes.

(B) Yummy pancakes don't need any sugar or strawberry jam.

(C) The steps of making pancakes are mixing → pouring → stirring → blending → cooking.

(D) “Melt-in-your-mouth” means good taste.

(40-42)

What do students usually do to make their schools clean? In Taiwan, all the students have to share the cleaning work. They do it twice a day—in the morning and in the afternoon. Each takes about ten minutes. In Japan, they believe students can learn to be more responsible if they do this. Students in Japan start doing it from the first grade in junior high school and they keep doing it when they go to senior high school. Students in Taiwan and Japan do the cleaning work, like sweeping and mopping the floor, cleaning the windows, and taking out the trash.

Some parents think students come to school only for education, so it is not right for them to clean the classrooms. Other parents think that having the basic life skills is important, too. Most students like to study in clean and comfortable classrooms, and they like to clean their classrooms with their classmates. Teachers also believe that students can learn how to keep their classrooms clean if they do the cleaning. They learn more when they take good care of them.

pancake mix 鬆餅粉 until 直到 batter 麵糊 blended 混合 griddle 烤盤 flavor 風味 golden 金黃色的

40. Lucy is a junior high school student in Taiwan. How often does she help clean the school?

(A) Once a day.

(B) Every two days.

(C) Twice a day.


(D) Four times a week.


41. Which of the following is **NOT** the cleaning work at school in the reading?
(A) Sweeping. (B) Mopping. (C) Taking out the trash. (D) Washing the walls.
42. What can we learn from the reading?
(A) Students in Japan help clean the school when they are in the first grade in junior high school.
(B) Teachers can't join students during the cleaning time.
(C) Students don't learn anything when they do the cleaning work.
(D) Students have to clean their rooms at home.

(43-45)

Japanese food culture is special. A noodle soup restaurant has its way, and a sushi restaurant has another. Here are some of the things for you to know about the food culture. Traditionally, the cook makes all the food and the apprentice, the person learning to be a cook, does other work, like cleaning tables or bringing meals. The apprentice won't cut the fish or meat. That's why a traditional restaurant won't have a waiter or waitress because that's the job of the apprentice. Miso soup is popular at Japanese restaurants. It has a cloudy broth, small pieces of tofu, and seaweed. Most people eat soup with a spoon, but for this, you should drink in from the bowl. You eat tofu and seaweed with chopsticks when there is no broth. Don't put sushi in soy sauce. If you do so, the rice becomes too soft. Also, there shouldn't be any pieces of rice in the soy sauce dish. If you want some sauce, make sure to put the fish part of the sushi, not the rice.

Some people may think that getting to know the food culture is a lot of trouble, but learning about the culture when enjoying the food is also part of the fun, isn't it?

 culture 文化 traditional 傳統的 broth 濃湯 seaweed 海帶 chopsticks 筷子 soy sauce 醬油

43. What do we know from the reading?
(A) The soy sauce is for the sushi to become soft.
(B) Japanese people use spoons when eating miso soup.
(C) Japanese people don't like to eat tofu and seaweed in miso soup first.
(D) All the waiters or waitresses in the Japanese restaurants are apprentices.
44. What does "this" refer to?  refer to 意指
(A) A spoon. (B) Miso soup. (C) Seaweed. (D) Tofu.
45. What does the writer think of Japanese food culture?
(A) It is hard to learn. (B) It's not important. (C) It's a lot of work to learn. (D) It's fun to know.

【第三部分】(22%) (本部分請作答於答案卷上，請用黑色原子筆作答)

一、字彙測驗：10% (每題 1 分)

46. *The Starry Night* is a famous p_____g by Vincent van Gogh.
47. Sandy always eats p_____n during a movie.
48. Lisa and I are very good friends. We always walk home t_____r.
49. Tom eats a lot. He has three s_____ches for breakfast.
50. Meg is painting the wall b_____t yellow. That's her favorite color.
51. Peter comes from a big family. He has many r_____es.
52. The cellphone is nine thousand d_____rs. It's a gift from my aunt.
53. John is always hot and t_____y after basketball practice.
54. It's easy to make McFlurry. You just need oreo cookies and ice c_____m.
55. Besides George and Mary, who e_____e will go to tonight's party?

二、翻譯：12% (每題 3 分) (分段給分)

56. 你妹妹通常早餐喝哪一種飲料，熱巧克力還是柳橙汁？
57. 這是種簡單的點心而且在台灣很受到學生的歡迎。
58. 我沒有足夠的糖，你可以借一點給我嗎？
59. 餐桌上有幾杯奶昔呢？有 10 杯。

《試題結束，請再仔細檢查一次！Good Luck!!》