**臺北市立興雅國民中學109學年度第一學期8年級英語科第3次定期評量試卷**

**一、聽力測驗 30%**

**A. 選出符合句子描述的圖片10%（每題2分）**

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 1. | (A) |  | (B) | 描述: 描述: 12-A | (C) | 描述: 描述: 12-B |
| 2. | (A) | 描述: 描述: 描述: 11-B | (B) | 描述: 描述: 描述: 17-B | (C) | 描述: 描述: 描述: 17-C |
| 3. | (A) | 描述: 描述: 20-B | (B) | 描述: 描述: 描述: 14-B | (C) | 描述: 描述: R3-02-a |
| 4. | (A) | 描述: 描述: 18-C | (B) | 描述: 描述: R3-04-a | (C) | 描述: 描述: 18-B |
| 5. | (A) |  | (B) |  | (C) | 描述: 描述: 描述: 9-A |

**B. 選出最適當的回答，完成對話：10%（每題2分）**

1. (A) Of course! Come and join us.  
   (B) Sorry, I will be busy tomorrow.  
   (C) No, the party will be at the park.
2. (A) We can take a bus there.  
   (B) Around twenty minutes by bus.  
   (C) We need to take some money with us.
3. (A) That’s OK. We are on the corner.  
   (B) Yes, maybe we can drive there.  
   (C) Don’t worry. Let’s ask someone for help.
4. (A) I spend about forty minutes on it.  
   (B) No, it is very expensive.  
   (C) No, I only spent six hundred dollars.
5. (A) Mom doesn’t like the color.  
   (B) The price is too low.  
   (C) I want to save some time.

**C. 請聽對話和問題，選出最適當的答案：10%  
 （每題2分）**

1. (A) He can’t find Room 105.  
   (B) He can’t speak Japanese.  
   (C) He doesn’t have the key.
2. (A) Five hundred dollars.  
   (B) One thousand dollars.  
   (C) Two thousand dollars.
3. (A) They are going to bring some Chinese food to the  
    office.  
   (B) They are going to eat Chinese food at a restaurant.  
   (C) They are going to work together in the office.
4. (A) Go surfing.  
   (B) Go bicycle riding.  
   (C) Go mountain climbing.
5. (A) It will be sunny and hot.  
   (B) It will be windy.  
   (C) It will be rainy.

**◎ 背面尚有試題！**

**二、綜合測驗：選出正確或最佳答案：50%  
(16-25每題1分，26-45每題2分)**

1. We don’t have any bread or milk. Let’s go to the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
   and buy some.  
   (A) post office (B) theater  
   (C) swimming pool (D) supermarket
2. This white dress is too \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I don’t have enough  
   money for it.  
   (A) wonderful (B) heavy (C) expensive (D) strange
3. Jonny and Jack often do bad things to people around them.  
   They will pay the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ one day.  
   (A) change (B) price (C) ring (D) skirt
4. Honey, what really happened? Could you just tell me the  
   \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_?  
   (A) truth (B) temple (C) trip (D) trial
5. T-shirts and jeans are always in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ among teenagers.  
    🕮 among 在…之間  
   (A) polyester (B) cash (C) fashion (D) trouble
6. Mr. White’s joke was so \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ that everyone in the  
   classroom kept laughing for five minutes.  
   (A) ugly (B) fast (C) low (D) funny
7. My grandma always wears \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to keep her hands  
   warm in cold winter.  
   (A) caps (B) gloves (C) skirts (D) socks
8. This garden is a good \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for plants and flowers. They  
   grow very well here.  
   (A) environment (B) vacation  
   (C) experience (D) success
9. Robert rode his bike to the office before. To \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ time,  
   he decides to take the MRT to work now.  
   (A) save (B) ask (C) hit (D) spend
10. My father enjoys \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot. That’s why he takes us to  
    go camping and hiking every month.  
    (A) future (B) weather (C) science (D) nature
11. Hurry up! The train \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in 10 minutes.  
    (A) was leaving (B) leaves  
    (C) would leave (D) is leaving
12. Lisa \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a month traveling in London. That \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
    her lots of money.  
    (A) spent; spent (B) took; cost  
    (C) spent; cost (D) paid ; spent
13. The Katos took a boat and went \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ yesterday, but  
    they didn’t see any.  
    (A) watching whales (B) whale watching  
    (C) watch birds (D) birds watching
14. Practicing the piano \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Amy a lot of time, but she  
    never thought of giving it up.  
    (A) took (B) spent (C) takes (D) spends
15. There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ no snow this morning, but the weatherman  
    says there \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ a lot tonight.  
    (A) is; are (B) was; will have  
    (C) is; is going to have (D) was; is going to be
16. When the clock \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ twelve, all the students  
    \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ with joy. Finally, the exam was over.  
    (A) hits; are shouting (B) hit; shouted  
    (C) hits; will shout (D) hit; was shouting
17. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ down the cost, the company planned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_  
    the factory to Indonesia.  
    (A) To cut; to move (B) Cutting; moving  
    (C) To cut; moving (D) Cutting; to move
18. My sister and I are going to clean up the house this  
    afternoon, but my brother \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ study in  
    the library.  
    (A) isn’t; is (B) isn’t; will  
    (C) won’t; will (D) won’t; is going
19. We practiced \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ directions in English. It was not as  
    hard as I thought. 🕮 direction 方向  
    (A) asking about (B) to ask about  
    (C) asking for (D) to ask for
20. Using polyester to make clothes \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our environment,  
    but fast fashion companies still \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ using it.  
    (A) hurts; keep (B) hurt; keep  
    (C) hurt; likes (D) hurts; like to
21. Before \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ new clothes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ about the cost to  
    the environment. Do you still need to buy them?  
    (A) buy; think (B) buying; thinking  
    (C) buying; think (D) buy; thinking
22. Jeff: What do you think of this shirt?  
    Andy: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ You should try another one.  
    (A) You look great in it. (B) It is perfect.  
    (C) You look funny in it. (D) That’s your size.
23. Sam: Sorry, Mrs. Chen. I forgot \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my homework to  
     school today. I will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it tomorrow.  
    Mrs. Chen: Alright. Keep your word.  
    (A) bringing; bring (B) to bring; bring  
    (C) bringing; to bring (D) to bring; bringing
24. Lisa was busy and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ her math homework this  
    afternoon, so she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ it tonight.  
    (A) didn’t do; will do (B) can’t do; is doing  
    (C) couldn’t do; would do (D) doesn’t do; will do
25. Mike: I want to travel around Taiwan by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ during  
     winter vacation.  
    Lily: How cool!  
    (A) bikes (B) a bike  
    (C) riding my bike (D) riding bike
26. 從公園走路到海灘通常花費他們多久時間？  
    (A) How long does it usually take them to walk from the  
     park to the beach?  
    (B) How long do they usually spend to walk along the park  
     to the beach?  
    (C) How much time does it usually cost them to walk from  
     the park to the beach?  
    (D) How much do they usually pay for walking down the  
     park to the beach?
27. 直走兩個街區並在柏克萊街左轉。轉角處有一家超市而那家旅館就在它對面。  
    (A) Go straight for two blocks and turn to Berkeley Street  
     on your left. There is a supermarket on the corner and  
     the hotel is across from it.  
    (B) Go straight for two blocks and turn left on Berkeley  
     Street. There is a supermarket on the corner, and the  
     hotel is across from it.  
    (C) Go down for two blocks and Berkeley Street is on the  
     left. There is a supermarket on the ground and the hotel  
     is next to it.  
    (D) Go along Berkeley Street for two blocks and turn left at  
     the corner. The supermarket is across from the hotel.
28. 兒童節那天, 棒球名將王建民將來到我們的學校。我們等不及要見他。  
    (A) On Children’s Day, Chien-Ming Wang, a famous  
     baseball player, will be come to our school. We don’t  
     wait to see him.  
    (B) On Children’s Day, Chien-Ming Wang, a famous  
     baseball player, came to our school. We didn’t wait to  
     see him.  
    (C) On Children’s Day, Chien-Ming Wang, a famous  
     baseball player, was coming to our school. We won’t  
     wait to see him.  
    (D) On Children’s Day, Chien-Ming Wang, a famous  
     baseball player, is coming to our school. We  
     can’t wait to see him.
29. 為了保持價格低廉，但又能賺錢，快時尚公司任何事都做得出來。  
    (A) Keeping the prices low but still making money, fast  
     fashion companies can do something.  
    (B) Thanks to keeping the prices low but still making  
     money, fast fashion companies can do something.  
    (C) By keeping the prices cheap but still make money, fast  
     fashion companies won’t do anything.  
    (D) To keep the prices low but still make money, fast  
     fashion companies will do anything.
30. 這周末你有空嗎？去爬山如何呢？  
    (A) Do you have free time this weekend? How about going  
     mountain climbing?  
    (B) Did you have free time this weekend? What about  
     going mountain climbing?  
    (C) Are you free this weekend? How about go mountain  
     climbing?  
    (D) Will you free this weekend? What about go mountain  
     climbing?

**◎ 背面尚有試題！**

**三、克漏字選擇：選出正確或最適合的答案：10%  
 (每題2分)**

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| 【46-50】  Cold-water swimming means swimming in natural places, like ponds, 46. and the sea. It might wake you up.  47. time outdoors and by water can also do good to your body and mind. Doctors say that getting into cold water  48. a stress response. But the more you do it, your stress response gets reduced. 49. , some experts believe cold-water swimming helps cross-adaptation. For example, it can help cut down the stress of exercising at high altitude.  If you think this sounds good for you and want to try it,  50. : swim with a friend, and maybe start in the summer, when the water is not too cold! |
|  |
| * natural 自然的 stress response 壓力反應 the more… 越… reduced 降低的 cross-adaptation 交叉適應 altitude 高度 |

1. (A) pool (B) rivers (C) gyms (D) lake
2. (A) Costing (B) By using (C) By taking (D) Spending
3. (A) starts (B) stops (C) ends (D) give
4. (A) In the end (B) What’s more  
   (C) To start with (D) At first
5. (A) keep this in mind (B) think twice  
   (C) stop for a second (D) check this out

**四、閱讀測驗：10% (每題2分)**

**I.**

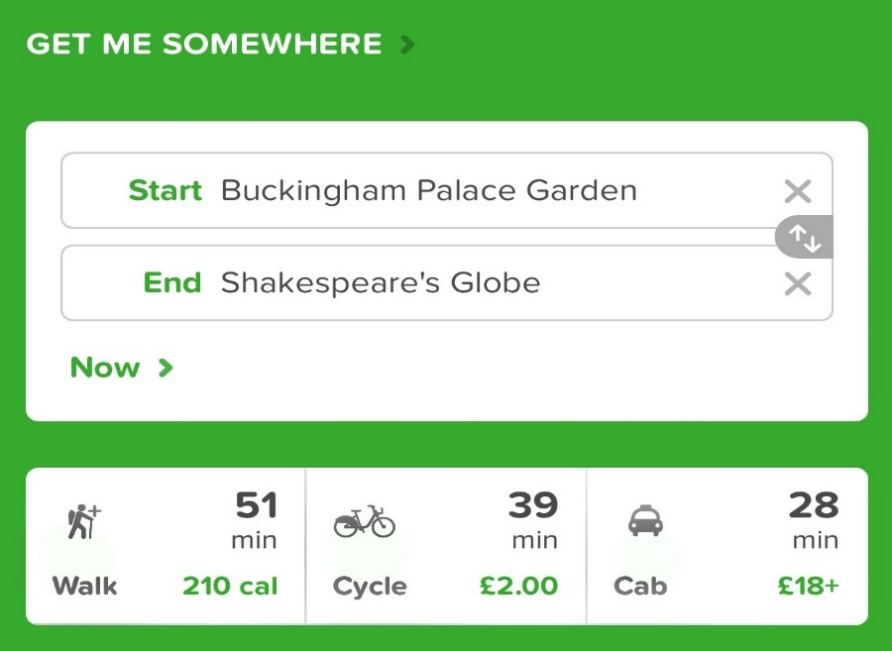
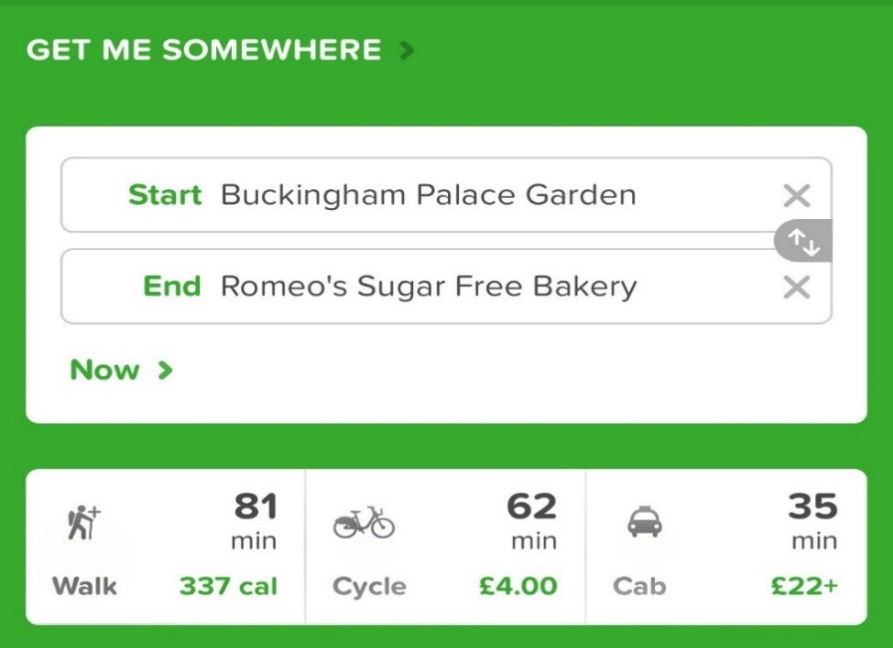
|  |
| --- |
| If you have a chance to go sightseeing in London, don’t miss London Eye. Like the Taipei 101 in Taipei, London Eye is an important landmark in London. It is said that the building is to say goodbye to the past and welcome the 21st century. Sitting on the south bank of the River Thames, London Eye is one of the most popular landmarks in the UK. Hundreds of thousands of people visit it every year after it opened in March, 2000. London Eye is a big Ferris Wheel, which offers thirty-two passenger cars to carry people for a ride. Riding on the London Eye, passengers can have a great 360∘view over all the London city through the glass-made windows. The best thing about the ride on the London Eye is that you don’t climb to the top soon and take in the view. The view is slowly showing up as you climb higher and higher. So, for the first ten minutes, you are having more and more of London in front of you. Then, you can have the most beautiful view after climbing to the top. Besides the Houses of Parliament and Wembley Stadium, you can even see Queen Elizabeth II and Windsor Castle on a clear day. The ride takes about thirty minutes. To get on the ride and enjoy the great picture of London, you can get tickets on the Internet or line up to buy the tickets. Next time, when you take a trip in London, don’t forget to visit this wheel and get your own special experience! |
|  |
| * landmark 地標 century 世紀 passenger 乘客 cars 車廂 Ferris Wheel 摩天輪 view 視野 |

1. Which is **TRUE** about the London Eye?  
   (A) You can have a view of all the landmarks in the UK.  
   (B) Climbing up to the top on the ride in one minute is an  
    exciting experience.  
   (C) People can ask for free tickets to the ride on the  
    Internet.  
   (D) Finishing the ride on the London Eye takes around half  
    an hour.
2. Where is this reading possibly (可能地) from?  
   (A) A History Book: *Past and Future about London*  
   (B) A Science Book: *Know More About Ferris Wheels*(C) A Travel Book: *Must-See Places In the UK*  
   (D) A Map Book: *Never Get Lost In London*

**II.**

|  |
| --- |
| Jason is taking a vacation in London. He found some information on the Internet.  **Part Closure**  PICCADILLY LINE: Christmas Eve, 24 December, Boxing Day, 26 December to 3 January, no service between Hammersmith and Northfields. For stations between Rayners Lane and Uxbridge, use the Metropolitan line, and if travelling between Central London and Heathrow Airport, please use Tfl Rail service from Paddington.  Between Wednesday 23 December 2020 and Sunday 3 January 2021, planned work, closure and service changes may affect you.  ∙There may be changes on all Tfl services  ∙Planned works and changes also affect National Rail services. |
|  |
| * information 資料 central 中央的 terminal 航廈 affect 影響 service 服務 |

1. What is the information about?  
   (A) Celebrations during Christmas holidays.  
   (B) Planned work.  
   (C) Changes in transportation (運輸) services.  
   (D) Sightseeing in London.
2. Jason stays in central London and he will take a plane to Taipei on December 26. How can he get to Heathrow Airport that day?  
   (A) Use Picadilly Line.  
   (B) Use Metropolitan Line.  
   (C) Use Tfl Rail service.  
   (D) Use London Overground.
3. Jason is now at Buckingham Palace Garden. He wants to watch the play “Romeo and Juliet.” However, the play is going to start in half an hour. How can Jason get there in time?  
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
     
   (A) By bike.  
   (B) By cab.  
   (C) On foot.  
   (D) He can’t get there in time.



**◎ 試題結束！**