
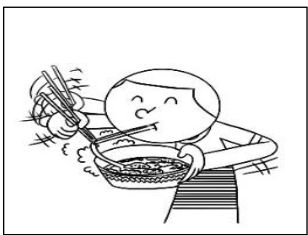
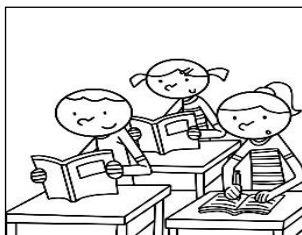
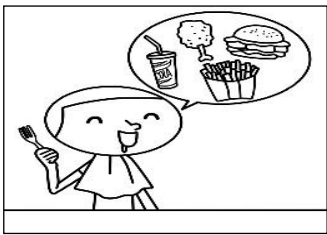
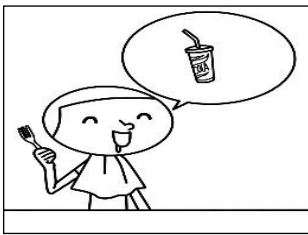
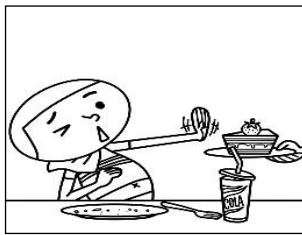
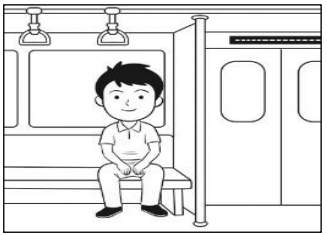
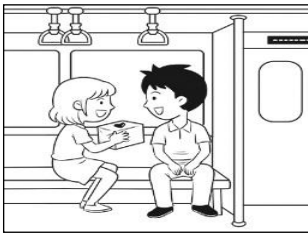

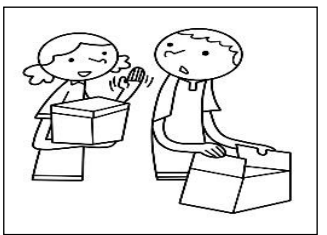
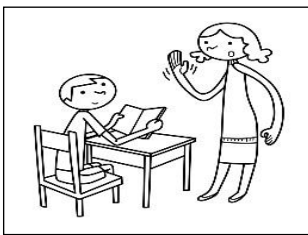
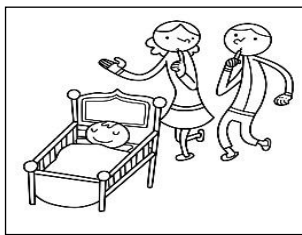




一、聽力測驗 25%

A. 選出符合句子描述的圖片 5% (每題 1 分)

- |  |  |   |
|--|--|---|
| 1. (A)    | (B)    | (C)    |
| 2. (A)    | (B)    | (C)    |
| 3. (A)   | (B)   | (C)   |
| 4. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |
| 5. (A)  | (B)  | (C)  |

B. 選出最適當的回答，完成對話：10% (每題 2 分)

6. (A) Let's run.  
(B) Don't stand up.  
(C) You're late.
7. (A) Here we are.  
(B) No problem.  
(C) They're quiet.
8. (A) Yes, it's a bus station.  
(B) Yes, let's go inside.  
(C) Yes, it's a toy museum.
9. (A) Let's sit down.  
(B) No, we're fine.  
(C) Yes, they're kind.
10. (A) Yes, it's on the weekend.  
(B) Yes, it's at seven tonight.  
(C) Yes, everyone is playing it.

C. 請聽問題，選出最適當的答案：10% (每題 2 分)

11. (A) In a metro station.  
(B) On a sports field.  
(C) In a library.
12. (A) The man and the woman are in front of a fruit stand.  
(B) The old lady's cakes are special.  
(C) The man and the woman don't want the cakes.
13. (A) It's today.  
(B) It's on Friday.  
(C) It's on Thursday.
14. (A) It's five fifty p.m. now.  
(B) The dance class is at five fifty p.m.  
(C) The woman is eating dinner now.
15. (A) Snowball is looking for a toy.  
(B) The woman is looking for her pet cat.  
(C) Snowball is playing in the man's bedroom.

二、綜合測驗：選出正確或最佳答案：47%

(16-24 每題 1 分，25-43 每題 2 分)

16. Why are you so \_\_\_\_\_? It's almost ten a.m. The movie is at nine a.m.  
(A) noisy (B) kind (C) late (D) early
17. Julie: What are you \_\_\_\_\_ for? You look so busy.  
Bella: My boyfriend's birthday party. I want to give him a surprise.  
(A) preparing (B) waiting (C) looking (D) giving
18. Please \_\_\_\_\_. The movie is going to start. Don't stand up during the playing time.  
(A) wake up (B) take a seat  
(C) wait in line (D) watch out
19. The sun \_\_\_\_\_ from the east and goes down from the west. That will never be changed.  
(A) shines (B) rises (C) makes (D) shouts
20. Scott: I can't hear you clearly. Can you raise your \_\_\_\_\_?  
Robert: No problem.  
(A) chat (B) shout (C) noise (D) voice
21. Thank god it is \_\_\_\_\_. After I finish my work today, I can take a break and relax on the weekend.  
(A) Saturday (B) Sunday (C) Friday (D) Monday
22. Mom: Honey, \_\_\_\_\_ goodbye to Uncle Sam.  
Daughter: See you next time, Uncle Sam.  
(A) speak (B) talk (C) tell (D) say
23. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ our books by size and then we can easily find the one we want.  
(A) test (B) group (C) live (D) close
24. There are some \_\_\_\_\_ with my car. Can anyone help me?  
(A) museums (B) stations (C) problems (D) worlds
25. See? The man \_\_\_\_\_ around our house again. Let's call the police.  
(A) is walking (B) walk (C) walks (D) walked
26. Boys, don't shout. \_\_\_\_\_ in the museum, please.  
(A) You are quiet (B) The boys are quiet  
(C) Being quiet (D) Be quiet
27. A: We're in the library. It's quiet here. \_\_\_\_\_ any noise.  
B: OK. Let's read the books quietly.  
(A) Don't be making (B) Don't make  
(C) Let's not be making (D) Let's not making
28. Wendy is sleeping and her parents \_\_\_\_\_, too. Don't play the music now.  
(A) do (B) are (C) is (D) does
29. A: What time is the game? It's \_\_\_\_\_ 4:30 now, but I don't see any player on the court.  
B: The game is \_\_\_\_\_ Friday, not today.  
(A) at; on (B) at ; in (C) ×; at (D) ×; on
30. \_\_\_\_\_ the kids stay at home alone. It's not safe.  
(A) Don't let (B) Let's not (C) Let's (D) Let

31. Mike's birthday is coming. This gift is for \_\_\_\_\_.  
(A) he (B) his (C) him (D) he's
32. Give your seat to \_\_\_\_\_. Be kind to others.  
(A) people in line (B) people in need  
(C) those on the metro (D) those with big eyes
33. A: Do you have the time?  
B: Yes. It's \_\_\_\_\_.  
A: You mean 9:50? Oops! We're almost late.  
(A) ten past ten (B) ten ten  
(C) ten after ten (D) ten to ten
34. A: \_\_\_\_\_ draw on the table. \_\_\_\_\_ not nice.  
B: Sorry.  
(A) Don't; Be (B) Please don't; That's  
(C) No; Do (D) Let's not; It
35. A: What are you going to do \_\_\_\_\_?  
B: There is a baseball game. I want to watch it.  
(A) tonight (B) noon  
(C) weekend (D) Monday
36. A: Our meeting will be at \_\_\_\_\_.  
B: OK! So it's three o'clock. We have 15 minutes left.  
(A) a quarter after three (B) three thirty  
(C) half past three (D) a quarter to three
37. I \_\_\_\_\_ a bicycle now, and I ride it to school every day.  
(A) am having (B) having (C) have (D) don't have
38. Scott: Listen! Next station is Yuanshan Station.  
(one minute later)  
David: Here \_\_\_\_\_. Get off the metro. It takes 3 minutes to go to the museum on foot. Let's go!  
(A) are we (B) we are  
(C) here you are (D) here are you
39. 不要靠在那張沙發上！爺爺正在上面睡覺。你會吵醒他。  
(A) Don't lean on Grandpa because he is sleeping on the sofa. You will wake up him.  
(B) Don't lean on the sofa! Grandpa is sleeping on it. You will wake him up.  
(C) Not to lean on the sofa! Grandpa sleeps on it. You will wake him.  
(D) Stop to lean on the sofa but Grandpa is sleeping on it. He will be woken up.
40. 吃晚餐的時間到了。孩子們，請洗手並坐下。  
(A) It's time for eating dinner. Please, wash your hands and take a seat, kids.  
(B) It's dinner time. Kids, washing your hands and taking a seat, please.  
(C) It's time to have dinner. Kids, please wash your hands and take a seat.  
(D) Dinner time is coming. Kids wash the hands and take a seat, please.

41. 對了，回家的路上買一些零食。要小心車子。
- (A) Besides, buy lots of desserts on your way home. Look for the cars.
- (B) By the way, buy some snacks on the way home. Be careful of the cars.
- (C) By the way, take some snacks on your way home. To be careful for the cars.
- (D) Besides, bring many cookies on your way to home. Watching out the cars.
42. 星期一早上九點有一場會議，所以 Betty 現在正在準備。
- (A) There is a meeting at nine in the morning on Monday, so Betty is preparing for it.
- (B) There has a meeting at nine a.m. on Monday, so Betty is preparing now.
- (C) A meeting is on Monday nine p.m., so Betty is well-prepared.
- (D) There will be a meeting at nine a.m. on Mondays, so Betty is preparing now.
43. 今天是星期三。我們有一個英文考試在中午 12 點。
- (A) Today is on Wednesday. We have an English test at 12 a.m.
- (B) It is on Wednesday. There is an English test for us at 12 p.m.
- (C) It is Wednesday. There is an English test this afternoon.
- (D) It's Wednesday today. We have an English test at 12 p.m.

三、克漏字選擇：選出正確或最適合的答案：10%  
(每題 2 分)

【44-48】

Do you know what national flags are or can you name any of (44)? We usually use a flag to represent different cultures across the world and every country has one. It's a piece of cloth with a special (45) on it. The early flags could date back to many years ago in China and in Europe during the Roman Empire.

In the (46) are some fun facts about national flags.

1. The rarest color to be used on a flag is purple.  
Long ago, purple means royalty and richness, so it's hard for common people to get or use it. That's why we seldom see the purple color on a flag.

2. (47).  
Red is often used for courage, bravery, or blood in some countries while green is for richness and nature.

3. Denmark has the oldest flag in the world.  
Over time, flags have changed, but the one, first used in 1625 in Denmark, is still the same when it comes to its design and color.

4. There are only three flags in the world that differ from front and back sides.  
The three countries are Saudi Arabia, Moldova, and Paraguay. They have different fronts and backs. For example, Saudi Arabia has an Arabic writing on its front.  
Surely, there are many more facts to know about flags.  
Next time, (48) an eye on a certain national flag and (48) what it means and where it comes from.

represent 代表 cloth 布料 rarest 最稀少的 differ 差別

44. (A) they (B) their (C) them (D) theirs

45. (A) sun, air and water  
(B) flower, grass and tree  
(C) triangle, square and circle  
(D) pattern, color and design

46. (A) following (B) beginning (C) middle (D) end

47. (A) The newest flag in the world is that of South Sudan  
(B) The one who studies flags is called a vexillologist  
(C) The colors on the flag mean something about a country  
(D) Belize's flag has the most colors in the world as compared to other flags

48. (A) to keep ; to guess (B) keep ; guess  
(C) keeping ; guessing (D) to keep ; guess

四、閱讀測驗：18% (每題 2 分)

I.

Do you know what expiration dates are? If you want to buy food or put something into your shopping cart, will you check the expiration date first?

Because people care about food safety, most packaged food products have the expiration date; this way, people get to know they should eat the food before the date. They can throw away the food when it is past its expiration date. But, is this a good idea? It might surprise you, but most foods are good to eat even after the expiration date.

People seldom think twice about it and throw away anything “too old.” They seldom check the food before they put it into the trash can. For example, eggs are often safe to eat even if they are past their expiration dates. In fact, they are good for three to five weeks after you buy them. 40% of the food in America goes to waste because Americans think it isn't fresh or good enough. But, expiration dates only tell people about their “best before” dates. Then, how do we know if the food is still safe or not? Make use of our five senses to look, smell, touch, listen, and taste. In this way, we won't waste much food.

packaged 包裝的 product 產品 seldom 很少 waste 浪費 sense 感官

49. Which is the best title for this reading?  
(A) Watch Out for the Expiration Date  
(B) Expiration Date is Not Everything  
(C) Check the Expiration Date Before You Buy food  
(D) Eat All the Food Before the Expiration Date

50. According to the reading, which is **TRUE** ?
- (A) People should eat all the food past the expiration date.
  - (B) The eggs past the expiration date are still very fresh.
  - (C) People can use their senses to feel if the food is safe or not.
  - (D) Americans waste a lot of food because the food is not yummy.
51. From the reading, what time **won't** a person check the expiration date?
- (A) Before eating the cookies in a bag.
  - (B) Going food shopping in a supermarket.
  - (C) Before drinking the juice in a bottle.
  - (D) Eating beef noodles in a food stand.

II.

Today is Sunday. It's 10:30 p.m. here in Taipei. It's time for bed, but there is an exciting football game tonight. I'm going to watch the FIFA World Cup Final. What are my friends around the world doing now?

Robert is my new friend in Qatar. I met him in a chatting room online and we have a chat every day. The FIFA World Cup 2022 is just in his hometown, so he can go to the football field to watch the game in person. Now, Robert is in Lusail Stadium with tens of thousands of football fans. Isn't he going to bed now? No, he isn't. In fact, it is 5:30 p.m. there.

Daniel was my classmate in junior high school. He is a businessman and his company sent him to Paris in 2021. It is 3:30 p.m. there and he is still working in his office. Robert is a fan of Mbappe, the famous French football player, but he can't watch the final game today.

Miako is my friend in Tokyo. Her grandparents are from Argentina, but her family lives in Japan now. Her favorite football player is Lionel Messi. It is now 11:30 p.m. in Tokyo and she is in bed waiting for the coming football game.

My friends and I can't wait to watch the final football game. Which team is going to be the winner? Let's wait and see.

52. What's the best title of this reading?
- (A) What Time Is the FIFA World Cup Final?
  - (B) What Are My Friends Doing Before the FIFA World Cup Final?
  - (C) Which Team Is Going to Win the FIFA World Cup Final?
  - (D) Who Goes to the FIFA World Cup Final in Lusail Stadium?
53. It's 10 p.m. in Paris. What time is it in Taipei?
- (A) 5:00 a.m. (B) 6:00 p.m. (C) 7:00 a.m. (D) 8:00 p.m.
54. Which is **TRUE**?
- (A) Robert is watching the FIFA World Cup Final online.
  - (B) Mbappe is still in the office before the FIFA World Cup Final.
  - (C) Daniel is a businessman in Paris now.
  - (D) Miako lives in Argentina now, and she loves Lionel Messi.

III.

Have you ever been to Boston, a northeast city in America? Do you know why Boston is the center of history, education, and of course, sports in America?

Many people think Boston is a city with long history because the American Revolution happened there. People in Boston feel proud of what happened in this city and always work hard to keep it. For example, the oldest ship in America can be seen in Boston. Besides, there are many famous schools in Boston. Every fall, a lot of students around the world go to Boston for learning. The most famous school there is Harvard University. Of course, Boston is also a city with many sports fans. Baseball fans and basketball fans can have a lot of fun in the city. If you love jogging, you can join the Boston **Marathon** every April. That is not only a fun activity but also a big challenge for both someone's mind and body.

With so many great things, Boston has been a popular city in America.

Revolution 獨立    proud 驕傲的  
Harvard University 哈佛大學

55. Why do people see Boston as a city with long history?
- (A) Because American Revolution happened there.
  - (B) Because Boston Marathon is the oldest one in the world.
  - (C) Because many sports fans like to go there.
  - (D) Because many people go there for learning.
56. What does the word "**Marathon**" mean?
- (A) Something that only students do.
  - (B) Something that wasn't interesting at all.
  - (C) Something that happened only in Boston.
  - (D) Something that jogging fans may like to try.
57. What **can't** we see in Boston?
- (A) Many students around the world.
  - (B) A famous university like Harvard.
  - (C) The biggest ship in the world.
  - (D) A lot of sports fans.

◎ 試題結束！